

Uttarakhand PSC Model Test Paper

1.Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan is meant for which age group of children ?
(a)Children of 3 - 5 years of age
(b)Children of 6 - 14 years
(c)Children of 11 - 14 years
(d)Children of 7 - 10 years

2.When did UGC become a statutory body by the Act of Parliament ?
(a)1953
(b)1954
(c)1955
(d)1956

3.The Desert Plantation and Research Centre is located at
(a)Jaipur
(b)Bikaner
(c)Jodhpur
(d)Kota

4.Which evaluation form presents basis of grading ?
(a)Formative evaluation
(b)Summative evaluation
(c)Placement evaluation
(d)Diagnostic evaluation

5.Cybernetic system mainly deals with(a)Input in Education(b)Process in Education(c)Output in Education(d)All the above

6.Educational technology includes(a)Team teaching(b)Micro teaching(c)Programmed instruction(d)All the above

7.A factor which would strongly influence a businessman to adopt a computer is
(a)Accuracy
(b)Reliability
(c)Speed
(d)All of the above

8.To facilitate electronic access of the State & District administration services to the citizens, the following is used :
(a)PAN
(b)LAN



(c)SWAN (d)G.I.S.

9."Digital divide" term is commonly used for (a)Economic inequality(b)one type of division in digital computer(c)one type of operation in digital electronics(d)None of the above

10.Wi-Fi stands for wireless (a)Final (b)Fidelity (c)Fidel (d)Field

11.Which was the capital of Chhatrapati Shivaji ?(a)Poona(b)Raigarh(c)Satara(d)Jinji

12.Who was the first Tirthankar of Jainism ?(a)Mahavir(b)Parswanath(c)Rishab Dev(d)Neminath

13.When was the National Population Policy declared by the Govt. of India ?
(a)15 Feb., 2000
(b)11 May, 2000
(c)05 June, 2000
(d)20 Oct., 2000

14.Ashoka's inscription is found in which place in Uttrakhand ?(a)Srinagar(b)Joshimath(c)Harsil(d)Kalsi

15.Who was the author of "Akbarnama"?(a)Abul Fazal(b)Badauni(c)Faizi(d)Burni

16.The altitude of troposphere in our atmosphere is about (a)upto 11 km (b)25 - 45 km



(c)45 - 90 km (d)15 - 20 km

17."Theory of Human Population" was proposed by(a)Charles Darwin(b)A.R. Wallace(c)Lamarchk(d)T.R. Malthus

18.Pneumoconiosis is a disease produced by(a)Coal dust(b)Zinc dust(c)Raw saw dust(d)All of the above

19.Which district of Uttarakhand has the lowest female literacy rate as per the Census of 2011 ?
(a)Udham Singh Nagar
(b)Tehri Garhwal
(c)Rudraprayag
(d)Uttarkashi

20.The chief deity worshipped at Katarmall temple is (a)Shiva (b)Vishnu (c)Sun (d)Durga

21.Which one of the following tree species comprises the highest percentage of forest area of Uttarakhand ? (a)Oak (b)Pine (c)Sal (d)Deodar-Fir

22.The ancient Kiratas are identified with(a)Jaunsaris(b)Tharus(c)Ranwaltas(d)Rajis

23.Amoghbhuti was the ruler of(a)Yaudheya dynasty(b)Pal dynasty(c)Kushana dynasty(d)Kuninda dynasty

24."Kartikeypur" an old capital city, was associated with(a)Chand rulers of Kumaun(b)Raikas rulers of Pithoragarh area



(c)Parmar rulers of Garhwal (d)Katyuri rulers of Kumaun

25.The famous Vishu fair is celebrated in (a)Champavat (b)Almora (c)Jaunsar-Bavar (d)Pauri

26.Which of the following tax/duty is not levied by the Government of Uttarakhand ?
(a)Trade Tax
(b)Income-Tax
(c)Entertainment Tax
(d)Excise Duty

27.Chandraprabha Aitwal is known for(a)Music(b)Mountaineering(c)Cricket(d)Literature

28.In which districts of Uttarakhand magnesite ore deposits are prominently located ?
(a)Dehradun, Tehri Garhwal and Almora
(b)Bageshwar, Chamoli and Pithoragarh
(c)Uttarkashi, Rudraprayag and Nainital

(d)Bageshwar, Champawat and Udham Singh Nagar

29.Which fair of Uttarakhand is known as "Bagwaal"? (a)Bageshwar fair (b)Nanda Devi fair (c)Kumbh fair (d)Devi Dhura fair

30.What is the sex-ratio in Uttarakhand as per the Census 2011 ? (a)1000 : 960 (b)1000 : 965 (c)1000 : 963 (d)1000 : 970