

Surds and Indices-Exercise Questions updated on Dec 2024

1. If m and n are whole numbers such that $m^n = 169$, then the value of $(m - 1)^{n+1}$ is:

- a. 1
- b. 13
- c. 169
- d. 1728

2. The simplified form of $\underline{x^{9/2}} \cdot \sqrt{y^7}$ is:

$$x^{7/2} \cdot \sqrt{y^3}$$

- a. x^2/y^2
- b. $x^2 \cdot y^2$
- c. xy
- d. x^2/y

3. If $\sqrt{3 + \sqrt[3]{x}} = 2$, then x is equal to :

- a. 1
- b. 2
- c. 4
- d. 8

4. If x is an integer, find the minimum value of x such that $0.00001154111 \times 10^x$ exceeds 1000.

- a. 8
- b. 1
- c. 7
- d. 6

5. Which among the following is the greatest?

- a. 2^{3^2}
- b. 2^{2^3}
- c. 3^{2^3}
- d. 3^{3^3}

6. Solve for m if $49(7^m) = 343^{3m+6}$

- a. -8/6
- b. -2
- c. -4/6
- d. -1

7. Solve for $2^{y+2^2} = 729$.

- a. ± 3
- b. ± 1
- c. ± 2
- d. ± 4

8. $\sqrt{200\sqrt{[200\sqrt{[200\dots\dots\dots\infty]}]}} = ?$

- a. 200
- b. 10
- c. 1
- d. 20

9. If a and b are positive numbers, $2^a = b^3$ and $b^a = 8$, find the value of a and b .

- a. $a = 2, b = 3$
- b. $a = 3, b = 2$
- c. $a = b = 3$
- d. $a = b = 2$

10. If $4^{4m+2} = 8^{6m-4}$, solve for m .

- a. $7/4$
- b. 2
- c. 4
- d. 1

11. If $2^x \times 16^{2/5} = 2^{1/5}$, then x is equal to:

- a. 2/5
- b. -2/5
- c. 7/5
- d. -7/5

12. If $a^x = b^y = c^z$ and $b^2 = ac$, then y equals :

- a. $xz/x + z$
- b. $xz/2(x + z)$
- c. $xz/2(x - z)$
- d. $2xz/(x + z)$

13. If $7^a = 16807$, then the value of $7^{(a-3)}$ is:

- a. 49
- b. 343
- c. 2401
- d. 10807

14. If $3^x - 3^{x-1} = 18$, then the value of x^x is:

- a. 3
- b. 8
- c. 27
- d. 216

15. If $2^{(x-y)} = 8$ and $2^{(x+y)} = 32$, then x is equal to:

- a. 0
- b. 2
- c. 4
- d. 6

16. If $a^x = b$, $b^y = c$ and $c^z = a$, then the value of xyz is:

- a. 0
- b. 1
- c. $1/abc$
- d. abc

17. $125 \times 125 \times 125 \times 125 \times 125 = 5^?$

- a. 5
- b. 3
- c. 15
- d. 2

18. If $5^{2n-1} = 1/(125^{n-3})$, then the value of n is:

- a. 3
- b. 2
- c. 0
- d. -2

19. If $x = 5 + 2\sqrt{6}$, then $\underline{(x-1)}$ is equal to:

\sqrt{x}

- a. $\sqrt{2}$
- b. $2\sqrt{2}$
- c. $\sqrt{3}$
- d. $2\sqrt{3}$

20. Number of prime factors in $6^{12} \times (35)^{28} \times (15)^{16}$ is :

$$(14)^{12} \times (21)^{11}$$

- a. 56
- b. 66
- c. 112
- d. None of these

Answer & Explanations

1. Exp: Clearly, $m = 13$ and $n = 2$.

Therefore, $(m - 1)^{n+1} = (13 - 1)^3 = 12^3 = 1728$.

2. Exp: $x^{9/2} \cdot \sqrt{y^5}$ is: $= x^{(9/2 - 5/2)} \cdot y^{(7/2 - 3/2)} = x^2 \cdot y^2$

$$x^{7/2} \cdot \sqrt{y^3}$$

3. Exp: On squaring both sides, we get:

$$3 + \sqrt[3]{x} = 4 \text{ or } \sqrt[3]{x} = 1.$$

Cubing both sides, we get $x = (1 \times 1 \times 1) = 1$

4. Exp: Considering from the left if the decimal point is shifted by 8 places to the right, the number becomes 1154.111. Therefore, $0.00001154111 \times 10^x$ exceeds 1000 when x has a minimum value of 8.

5. Exp: $2^{3^2} = 2^9$

$$2^{2^3} = 2^8$$

$$3^{2^3} = 3^8$$

$$3^{3^3} = 3^{27}$$

As $3^{27} > 3^8$, $2^9 > 2^8$ and $3^{27} > 2^9$. Hence 3^{27} is the greatest among the four.

6. Exp: $49(7^m) = 343^{3m+6} \Rightarrow 7^2 \cdot 7^m \Rightarrow (7^3)^{3m+6} \Rightarrow 7^{2+m} = 7^{9m+18}$

Equating powers of 7 on both sides,

$$m + 2 = 9m + 18$$

$$-16 = 8m \Rightarrow m = -2.$$

7. Exp: $3^{y\sqrt{2^2}} = 729$

$$3^{y^2} = 3^4 \quad (\sqrt{2^2} = (2^{1/2})^2 = 2)$$

equating powers of 2 on both sides,

$$y^2 = 4 \Rightarrow y = \pm 2$$

8. Exp: Let $\sqrt{200\sqrt{200\sqrt{200\dots\dots\infty}}} = x$; Hence $\sqrt{200x} = x$

Squaring both sides $200x = x^2 \Rightarrow x(x - 200) = 0$

$\Rightarrow x = 0$ or $x - 200 = 0$ i.e. $x = 200$

As x cannot be 0, $x = 200$.

9. Exp: $2^a = b^3 \dots(1)$

$b^a = 8 \dots(2)$

cubing both sides of equation (2), $(b^a)^3 = 8^3$

$b^{3a} = (b^3)^a = 512.$

from (1), $(2^a)^a = (2^3)^3$.

comparing both sides, $a = 3$

substituting a in (1), $b = 2$.

10. Exp: $4^{4m+2} = (2^3)^{6m-4} \Rightarrow 4^{4m+2} = 2^{18m-12}$

Equating powers of 2 both sides,

$4m + 2 = 18m - 12 \Rightarrow 14 = 14m \Rightarrow m = 1.$

11. Exp: $2^x \times 16^{2/5} = 2^{1/5}$

$\Rightarrow 2^x \times (2^4)^{2/5} = 2^{1/5} \Rightarrow 2^x \times 2^{8/5} = 2^{1/5}.$

$\Rightarrow 2^{(x+8/5)} = 2^{1/5}$

$\Rightarrow x + 8/5 = 1/5 \Rightarrow x = (1/5 - 8/5) = -7/5.$

12. Exp: Let $a^x = b^y = c^z = k$. Then, $a = k^{1/x}$, $b = k^{1/y}$, $c = k^{1/z}$.

Therefore, $b^2 = ac \Rightarrow (k^{1/y})^2 = k^{1/x} \times k^{1/z} \Rightarrow k^{2/y} = k^{(1/x+1/z)}$

Therefore, $2/y = (x+z)/xz \Rightarrow y/2 = xz/(x+z) \Rightarrow y = 2xz/(x+z).$

13. Exp: $7^a = 16807, \Rightarrow 7^a = 7^5, a = 5.$

Therefore, $7^{(a-3)} = 7^{(5-3)} = 7^2 = 49.$

14. Exp: $3^x - 3^{x-1} = 18 \Rightarrow 3^{x-1}(3 - 1) = 18 \Rightarrow 3^{x-1} = 9 = 3^2 \Rightarrow x - 1 = 2 \Rightarrow x = 3.$

15. Exp: $2^{(x-y)} = 8 = 2^3 \Rightarrow x - y = 3 \text{ ---(1)}$

$$2^{(x+y)} = 32 = 2^5 \Rightarrow x + y = 5 \text{ ---(2)}$$

On solving (1) & (2), we get $x = 4$.

16. Exp: $a^1 = c^z = (b^y)^z = b^{yz} = (a^x)^{yz} = a^{xyz}$. Therefore, $xyz = 1$.

17. Exp: $125 \times 125 \times 125 \times 125 \times 125 = (5^3 \times 5^3 \times 5^3 \times 5^3 \times 5^3) = 5^{(3+3+3+3+3)} = 5^{15}$.

18. Exp: $5^{2n-1} = 1/(125^{n-3}) \Rightarrow 5^{2n-1} = 1/[(5^3)^{n-3}] = 1/[5^{(3n-9)}] = 5^{(9-3n)}$.

$$\Rightarrow 2n - 1 = 9 - 3n \Rightarrow 5n = 10 \Rightarrow n = 2.$$

19. Exp: $x = 5 + 2\sqrt{6} = 3 + 2 + 2\sqrt{6} = (\sqrt{3})^2 + (\sqrt{2})^2 + 2 \times \sqrt{3} \times \sqrt{2} = (\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2})^2$

Also, $(x - 1) = 4 + 2\sqrt{6} = 2(2 + \sqrt{6}) = 2\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3})$.

Therefore, $(x - 1) = 2\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2}) = 2\sqrt{2}$.

$$\sqrt{x} = (\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2})$$

20. Exp: $\underline{6^{12} \times (35)^{28} \times (15)^{16}} = \underline{(2 \times 3)^{12} \times (5 \times 7)^{28} \times (3 \times 5)^{16}} =$

$$(14)^{12} \times (21)^{11} \quad (2 \times 7)^{12} \times (3 \times 7)^{11}$$

$$= \underline{2^{12} \times 3^{12} \times 5^{28} \times 7^{28} \times 3^{16} \times 5^{16}} = 2^{(12-12)} \times 3^{(12+16-11)} \times 5^{(28+16)} \times 7^{(28-12-11)} \\ 2^{12} \times 7^{12} \times 3^{11} \times 7^{11}$$

$$= 2^0 \times 3^{17} \times 5^{44} \times 7^{-5} = \underline{3^{17} \times 5^{44}} \\ 7^5$$

Number of prime factors = $17 + 44 + 5 = 66$.