

Permutation and Combination-Exercise Questions updated on Dec 2024

1. Evaluate  $\frac{50!}{47!}$

- a. 102500
- b. 112584
- c. 117600
- d. 118450

2. Find the value of  ${}^{85}P_3$ .

- a. 565350
- b. 595650
- c. 535950
- d. 565350

3. Find the value of  $({}^{20}C_{18}) * ({}^{20}C_{20})$

- a. 400
- b. 380
- c. 360
- d. 350

4. How many words with or without meaning, can be formed by using all the letters of the word, 'ORANGE', using each letter exactly once?

- a. 700
- b. 720
- c. 750
- d. 800

5. There are 28 stations between Ernakulam and Chennai. How many second-class tickets have to be printed, so that a passenger can travel from one station to any other station?

- a. 800
- b. 820
- c. 850
- d. 870

6. In how many ways can the letters of the word, 'TECHNOLOGY' be arranged?

- a. 1804400
- b. 1814400
- c. 1714400
- d. 1704400

7. A bag contains 2 yellow balls, 3 white balls and 5 red balls. In how many ways can two balls be drawn from the bag?

- a.  ${}^2C_2$
- b.  ${}^{10}C_2$
- c.  ${}^8C_2$
- d.  ${}^5C_2$

8. In how many ways can the letters of the word, 'LANGUAGE' be arranged in such a way that the vowels always come together?

- a. 600
- b. 700
- c. 720
- d. 750

9. In how many ways can the letters of the word, 'KEYBOARD' be arranged in such a way that the vowels always come together?

- a. 4250
- b. 4520
- c. 4320
- d. 4230

10. In how many ways can a team 16 be chosen out of a batch of 20 players?

- a. 4845
- b. 6852
- c. 3125
- d. 5846

11. How many ways can the letters of the word, 'MACHINE' be arranged so that the vowels may occupy only the odd positions?

- a. 210
- b. 576
- c. 144
- d. 456

12. From a group of 5 men and 4 women, 3 persons are to be selected to form a committee so that at least 2 men are there on the committee. In how many ways can it be done?

- a. 20
- b. 50
- c. 65
- d. 86

13. In how many ways can a committee consisting of 4 men and 5 women be formed from a group of 7 men and 9 women?

- a.  ${}^7C_4 {}^9C_5$
- b.  ${}^4C_7 {}^5C_9$
- c.  ${}^7C_5 {}^9C_4$
- d.  ${}^9C_4 {}^7C_5$

14. In how many ways can 5 boys and 3 girls sit around a table in such a way that no two girls sit together?

- a. 1000
- b. 1400
- c. 1440
- d. 1800

Directions for questions 15 to 16: Refer the data below and answer the questions below:

A letter lock has 3 rings each containing 6 letters.

15. What is the maximum number of false trials that can be made before the lock is opened?

- a.  $3 \cdot {}^{26}C_6$
- b.  $({}^{26}C_6)^3$
- c.  ${}^{26}C_6 \cdot 3!$
- d. 215

16. How many such three letter passwords can exist?

- a. 216
- b.  ${}^{26}C_6 \cdot 3$
- c.  $({}^{26}C_6)^3$
- d.  $({}^{26}C_6)^3 \cdot 6^3$

17. How many different words can be formed from the word DAUGHTER so that ending and beginning letters are consonants?

- a. 7200
- b. 14400
- c. 360
- d. 1440

18. Out of 6 consonants and 3 vowels, how many words of 4 consonants and 2 vowels can be formed?

- a. 1050
- b. 25200
- c. 32400
- d. 5800

19. A box contains 3 white balls, 4 black balls and 5 yellow balls. In how many ways can 4 balls be drawn from the box, if at least one yellow ball is to be included in the draw?

- a. 652
- b. 547
- c. 425
- d. 356

20. In how many ways can 22 books on English and 20 books on Hindi be placed in a row on a shelf so that two books on Hindi may not be together?

- a. 4586
- b. 5896
- c. 2415
- d. 1771

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### Answer & Explanations

1. Evaluate  $50! = 50 \cdot 49 \cdot 48 \cdot (47!) = 50 \cdot 49 \cdot 48 = 117600$

$$47! \quad 47!$$

2.  ${}^{85}P_3 = \frac{85!}{(85-3)!} = \frac{85!}{82!} = \frac{85 \cdot 84 \cdot 83 \cdot 82!}{82!} = 85 \cdot 84 \cdot 83 = 595650$

$$(85-3)! \quad 82! \quad 82!$$

3.  ${}^{20}C_{20} = 1$

$$({}^{20}C_2) \cdot ({}^{20}C_{20}) = \frac{20!}{18!} \cdot 1 = \frac{20 \cdot 19 \cdot 18!}{18!} = 20 \cdot 19 \cdot 1 = 380$$

$$18! \quad 18!$$

4. Exp: The word 'ORANGE' contains 6 different letters.

Therefore, Required number of words = Number of arrangement of 6 letters, taken all at a time

$$= {}^6P_6 = 6! = 6 \cdot 5 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1 = 720$$

5. Exp: The total number of stations = 30

From 30 Stations we have to choose any two stations and the direction of travel (Ernakulam to Chennai

is different from Chennai to Ernakulam) in  ${}^{30}P_2$  ways.

$${}^{30}P_2 = 30 \cdot 29 = 870$$

6. Exp: The word 'TECHNOLOGY' contains 10 letters namely T, O, H, E, C, N, L, G, Y.

Therefore, Required number of

$$\text{ways} = \frac{10!}{(2!) (1!) (1!) (1!) (1!) (1!) (1!) (1!) (1!) (1!)} = \frac{10!}{2!}$$

$$(2!) (1!) (1!) (1!) (1!) (1!) (1!) (1!) (1!) (1!) \quad 2!$$

$$= \frac{10 \cdot 9 \cdot 8 \cdot 7 \cdot 6 \cdot 5 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1}{2 \cdot 1} = 1814400$$

$$2 \cdot 1$$

7. Exp: Total number of balls = 2+3+5 = 10

2 balls can be drawn from 10 balls in  ${}^{10}C_2$

8. Exp: In the word 'LANGUAGE' we treat the vowels AUAE as one letter. Thus, we have LNGG (AUAE).

This we have 5 letters of which G occurs 2 times and the rest are different.

$$\text{Number of ways arranging these letters} = \frac{5!}{2!} = 5 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 = 60$$

Now, 4 letters of which A occurs 2 times and the rest are different, can be arranged in  $\frac{4!}{2!} = 4 \cdot 3 = 12$ .

Therefore, Required number of ways =  $60 \cdot 12 = 720$

9. Exp: In the word 'KEYBOARD' we treat the vowels EOA as one letter. Thus, we have KYBRD (EOA).

Thus we have 6 letters can be arranged in  $6! = 720$  ways

The vowels (EOA) can be arranged among themselves in  $3! = 6$  ways

Therefore, Required number of ways =  $(720 \cdot 6) = 4320$

10. Exp: Required number of ways =  ${}^{20}C_{16} = {}^{20}C_{(20-16)} = {}^{20}C_4$

$$= \frac{20 \cdot 19 \cdot 18 \cdot 17}{4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1} = 4845.$$

$$4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1$$

11. Exp: In the word 'MACHINE' 3 vowels and 4 consonants.

v v v v

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Now, 3 vowels can be placed at any of 3 places, out of which 4 marked 1,3,5,7.

Number of ways arranging the vowels =  ${}^4P_3 = (4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2) = 24$

Also, 4 consonants at the remaining 4 positions may be arranged in =  ${}^4P_4 = 4! = 24$  ways.

Therefore, Required number of ways =  $(24 \cdot 24) = 576$ .

12. We have (2men and 1 woman) or (3men only)

Therefore, Required number of ways =  $({}^5C_2 \cdot {}^4C_1) + ({}^5C_3)$

$$= \frac{5 \cdot 4}{2 \cdot 1} \cdot 4 + {}^5C_2$$

$$2 \cdot 1$$

$$= 10 \cdot 4 + 10$$

$$= 40 + 10 = 50$$

13. Exp: Group consisting of 7 men and 9 women

4 men can be selected from 7 men in  ${}^7C_4$  ways

5 women can be selected from 9 women in  ${}^9C_5$  ways

Therefore, Total number of ways =  ${}^7C_4 \cdot {}^9C_5$

14. Exp: The 5 boys can be seated around a table in  $4!$  Ways. In between them there are 5 places.

The 3 girls can be placed in the 5 places in  ${}^5P_3$  ways.

Therefore, Required number of ways =  $4! \cdot {}^5P_3$

$$= 24 \cdot 60 = 1440$$

15. Exp: Maximum possible permutation of letters =  $6 \cdot 6 \cdot 6 = 216$

Out of 216 different permutations only 1 is correct.

Maximum number of false trials =  $216 - 1 = 215$

16. Exp: 1<sup>st</sup> ring: 6 out of 26 alphabets can be selected in  ${}^{26}C_6$  ways.

And is for 2<sup>nd</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup> ring.

Also, these 3 set of 6 letters can be arranged amongst themselves in  $6^3$  ways.

Hence, total number of 3 letter passwords =  ${}^{26}C_6 \cdot {}^{26}C_6 \cdot {}^{26}C_6 \cdot 6^3$  ways.

17. Exp: Here total letters are 8, 3 vowels and 5 consonants. Here 2 consonants can be chosen in  ${}^5C_2$  ways and these 2 consonants can be put it in  $2!$  Ways. The remaining 6 letters can be arranged in  $6!$  Ways. The words beginning and ending letters with consonant =  ${}^5C_2 \cdot 2! \cdot 6! = 14400$

18. Number of ways of selecting (4 consonants out of 6) and (2 vowels out of 3)

$$= {}^6C_4 \cdot {}^3C_2$$

$$= {}^6C_2 \cdot {}^3C_1$$

$$= \underline{6 \cdot 5} \cdot 3$$

$$2 \cdot 1$$

$$= 15 \cdot 3 = 45$$

Number of groups, each having 4 consonants and 2 vowels = 45.

Each group consists of 6 letters.

Number of ways of arranging 6 letters among themselves

$$= 6! = (6 \cdot 5 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1) = 720$$



Therefore, Required number of words=  $45 \times 720 = 32400$

19. Exp: We may have (1 yellow and 3 others) or (2 yellow and 2 others) or (3 yellow and 1 others) or (4 yellow).

Therefore, Required number of ways=  $({}^4C_1 \times {}^8C_3) + ({}^4C_2 \times {}^8C_2) + ({}^4C_3 \times {}^8C_1) + ({}^4C_4)$

$$= 4 \times \frac{8 \times 7 \times 6}{3 \times 2 \times 1} + \frac{4 \times 3}{2 \times 1} \times \frac{8 \times 7}{2 \times 1} + ({}^4C_1 \times 8) + 1$$

$$= 224 + 168 + 32 + 1 = 425.$$

20. Exp: In order that two books on Hindi are never together, we must place all these books as under:

H E H E H E H..... H E H

Where H denotes the position of Hindi book and E that of English book.

Since there are 22 books on English, the number of places marked E are 23.

Now, 20 places out of 23 can be chosen in  ${}^{23}C_{20} = {}^{23}C_3 = \frac{23 \times 22 \times 21}{3 \times 2 \times 1}$

$$= 1771 \text{ ways.}$$

Hence the number of ways = 1771 ways